

Trauma Informed Care Lens

For Policies, Guidelines and Resources

Version 2.0 Winter 2023

Purpose: The following checklist can be used to develop or revise any identified policy or procedure with a trauma-informed lens. Our goal is to have all policies reflect and support an organization culture change towards building and maintaining a trauma informed and responsive organization. Hospitals and clinics are trauma exposed environments. They can cause trauma and/or re-traumatization for patients, caregivers, staff, physicians, learners, and volunteers. By adopting trauma informed care and using a trauma informed lens for our policies, guidelines, and resources, we are actively acknowledging trauma exposure and responding to mitigate as much harm as possible. Please see Appendix A for more information.

Definitions

There are many types of **trauma** (i.e., acute, chronic, complex, developmental, historical, racial, intergenerational, vicarious, etc.) and trauma can occur at the individual, family, community, cultural, societal and systems levels. While trauma is common, how people respond to it is unique. Depending on the individual, their past and/or current experiences, and their access to supports and resources, they may experience various effects (i.e., physical, emotional, behavioural, spiritual and/or cognitive).

Trauma Informed care is a universal, proactive, strengths-based service delivery approach that is rooted in an understanding of and responsiveness to the impact of trauma, that emphasizes physical, psychological, emotional, and cultural safety for both providers and clients.

Trauma-Specific policies and procedures guide the clinical delivery of evidence-based treatments designed to address the cognitive, emotional, behavioural, substance use and/or physical issues, resulting from someone experiencing trauma.

Re-Traumatization is when a policy, procedure, interaction, or the physical environment replicates someone's original trauma literally or symbolically – generating the emotions and thoughts associated with the original experience. See Appendix A for more information on what may cause re-traumatization.

Five Principles

Safety – Ensuring physical, emotional/psychological and cultural safety (please apply Equity and Belonging Tool as well and consider historical and systemic racism, colonialism, and how our system may perpetuate bias, discrimination, stigma and harm).

Trustworthiness – Maximizing trustworthiness, making tasks clear, and maintaining appropriate boundaries.

Choice – Prioritizing choice and control.

Collaboration – Maximizing collaboration and sharing of power.

Empowerment – Prioritizing strengths-based skill-building.

Scope: The review checklist can be used for the purpose of creating new or revising existing documents (policies, practice guidelines and educational materials, etc.) as they relate to **all impacted individuals including clients, caregivers, staff, physicians, learners, volunteers, and support persons.**

Policy/Procedure Name:	
Date Reviewed:	
Reviewers:	

Directions: Please complete the charts below. After moving through the full checklist for the identified policy/procedure, there will be space to write additional comments and indicate recommended changes when necessary. If you are unsure how to answer any section, please contact the IWK Trauma Informed Care Team at experiencesmatter@iwk.nshealth.ca. This chart was adapted with permission from the University of Buffalo School of Social Work's Trauma Informed Organizational Change Manual, Version 2, 2021.

GENERAL

Consideration	Yes	No	N/A	Notes
The policy/procedure is accessible in writing to all				
individuals to whom it applies.				
Review of the policy/procedure includes the opinions				
and feedback from multiple individuals.				
The policy/procedure is currently relevant to the				
organization/system.				
The policy/procedure is written in prosocial language				
(what is expected, what the organization/system				
wants to see).				
The policy/procedure is evidence-based.				
The policy/procedure references trauma informed				
care as an organizational value and guiding principle.				
The policy/procedure references the 5 principles of				
trauma informed care.				
The policy/procedure identifies if it is trauma-				
informed, trauma-specific or both.				
The policy considers the potential for trauma or re-				
traumatization for all				
The policy/procedure is reviewed for the potential of				
re-traumatization (see Appendix B).				

SAFETY

Consideration	Yes	No	N/A	Notes
The policy/procedure considers emotional safety and				
well-being of individuals involved (i.e., clients,				
caregivers, staff, physician, learners, volunteers,				
visitors, support person, community members)				

Consideration	Yes	No	N/A	Notes
The policy/procedure considers physical safety of				
individuals.				
The policy/procedure acknowledges that health care				
settings are trauma exposed work environments and				
includes actions and supports for reducing trauma and				
vicarious trauma for staff (i.e., debriefing, check ins,				
peer support, etc.).				
The policy/procedure is reviewed for cultural				
considerations.				
The policy/procedure is reviewed with				
intersectionality considerations (i.e., how types of				
marginalization can be layered and increase impact).				
The policy/procedure is reviewed with consideration				
of issues that have been found to traumatize or				
retraumatize individuals (i.e., receiving a diagnosis,				
repeat treatment, painful procedures, seclusion and				
restraint, etc.)				
The policy/procedure is reviewed for opportunities to				
increase safety.				

TRUSTWORTHINESS

Consideration	Yes	No	N/A	Notes
The policy/procedure is written using accessible				
language without professional jargon to ensure				
understanding.				
The policy/procedure clearly outlines what to expect				
and what is expected.				
The policy/procedure includes informed consent				
processes.				
The policy/procedure provides role clarity, especially				
when multiple roles are involved.				
The policy/procedure is consistent across the				
organization/system.				
The policy/procedure delineates any relevant				
consequences.				
The policy/procedure provides for an appropriate level				
of confidentiality and privacy.				
The policy/procedure is consistent with other				
policies/procedures in the organization/ system (e.g.				
does not contradict another).				
The policy/procedure considers appropriate				
boundaries for your program or service (i.e., asking				
permission if one needs to physically touch a patient).				
The policy/procedure is reviewed for opportunities to				
increase trustworthiness.				
The policy/procedure identifies any related historical		1		
events outside/inside of IWK Health where trust may		1		
have been broken.				

CHOICE

Consideration	Yes	No	N/A	Notes
The policy/procedure incorporates individual choice.				
The policy/procedure is written to provide the				
individual with the greatest amount of autonomy				
possible.				
The policy/procedure incorporates a list of at least two				
options that can be provided when possible.				
The policy/procedure is reviewed for opportunities to				
increase choice.				
The policy/procedure identifies related historical				
events outside/inside IWK Health where choice was				
not offered.				
The policy/procedure identifies supports which can be				
offered if there is limited choice.				

COLLABORATION

Consideration	Yes	No	N/A	Notes
The policy/procedure conveys the message that				
individuals are the experts of their own				
experience/role.				
The policy/procedure is informed by feedback and				
suggestions by individuals within the				
organization/system.				
The policy/procedure identifies potential power				
imbalances within relationships among those				
collaborating and seeks equitable participation.				
The policy/procedure is reviewed for opportunities to				
increase collaboration.				

EMPOWERMENT

Consideration	Yes	No	N/A	Notes
The policy/procedure is strength-based in its wording.				
The policy/procedure acknowledges the skills and				
capacities of individuals.				
The policy/procedure promotes resilience and/or				
vicarious resilience.				
The policy/procedure incorporates validation when				
possible.				
The policy/procedure is reviewed for opportunities to				
increase empowerment.				

REVISIONS/CHANGES RECOMMENDED

PERSON(S) WHO WILL MAKE CHANGES: ______

TIMELINE:

TRAUMA INFORMED CARE



Some Context to Keep in Mind

Trauma can be defined as anything that results from events, experiences and effects that overwhelm an individual's capacity to cope.

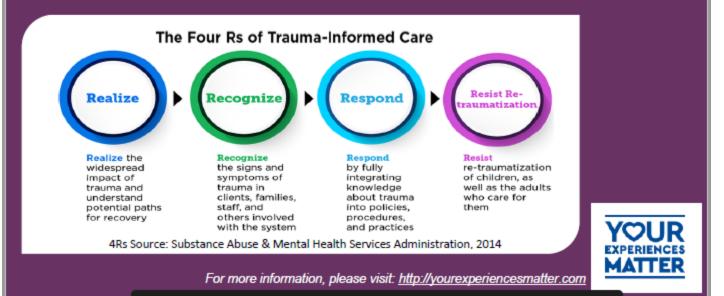
While trauma can be common, how people respond to it is unique. Depending on the individual, their past and/or current experiences, and their access to supports and resources, they may experience various physical, emotional, spiritual, behavioural and/or cognitive effects.

Trauma may happen at the personal, social, community and cultural level. Trauma can be impacted by current, historical and intergenerational experiences.

Trauma Informed Care is a universal, systematic, strengths-based approach that is rooted in an understanding of, and responsiveness to, the impact of trauma. It focuses on the strengths and resiliency of people and communities. Trauma informed care includes trauma education, creating safe environments, supporting staff wellness, collaborative community partnerships, trauma screening and trauma-specific treatment.

Principles of Trauma Informed Care

Safety	Trauma informed care develops practices and interactions that understand trauma and actively seeks to create safe physical and psychological environments while considering cultural and unique differences of patients, families and staff.
Trustworthiness	Decisions and interactions are made with transparency and with the goal of building and maintaining trust in order to develop dependable and trusting relationships.
Choice	Providing opportunity for choice and options can lead to interactions and environments that foster respect, agency and dignity.
Collaboration	Improve engagement and involvement through increased partnerships and shared decision making.
Empowerment	Acknowledge and respect the strengths, resiliencies and experiences of people and communities to optimize the opportunity for autonomy.



Appendix B: System and Relationship dynamics/themes that are often experienced as being re-traumatizing.

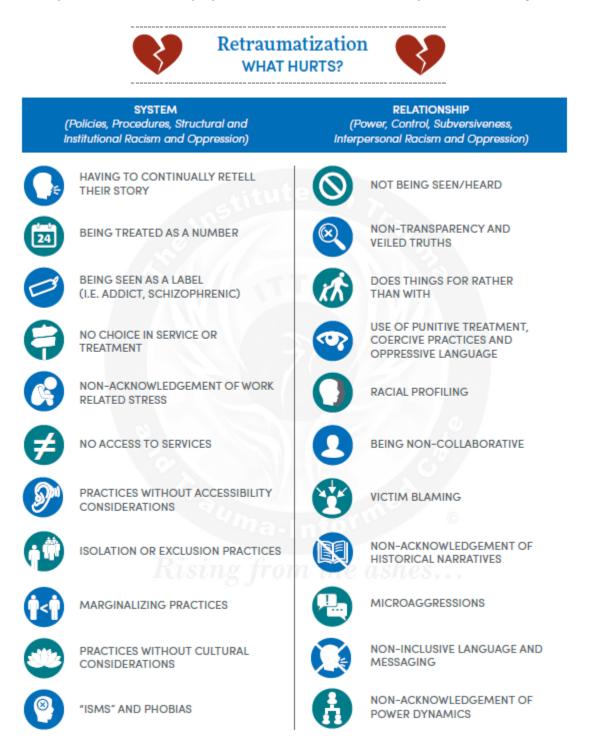


Figure 5 - Trauma Dynamics/Themes

http://socialwork.buffalo.edu/social-research/institutes-centers/institute-on-trauma-and-trauma-informed-care/what-is-trauma-informed-care.html